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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/681,866	10/07/2003	Stephan K. Barsun	100200400-2	7397
7590	02/03/2005			EXAMINER
HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY Intellectual Property Administration P. O. Box 272400 Fort Collins, CO 80527-2400			CHANG, YEAN HSI	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2835	

DATE MAILED: 02/03/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/681,866	BARSUN, STEPHAN K.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Yean-Hsi Chang	2835

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04 January 2005.
 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-15,17-38 and 40-53 is/are pending in the application.
 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
 5) Claim(s) 52 and 53 is/are allowed.
 6) Claim(s) 1-10,15,17-33,38,40-42 is/are rejected.
 7) Claim(s) 11-14,34-37 and 43-51 is/are objected to.
 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
 6) Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 6, 11, 19, 29 and 46 are objected to because of the following informalities: The "a first card" in claims 6 and 46, and the "a first edge" and "a second opposite edge" in claim 11 need to be checked whether or not they refer to the same elements in claim 1; the second "a second circuit board" in claim 19, may have to be "the second circuit board" or "said second circuit board" for referring to the same element; and the "a first card" and a second card" in claim 29 need to be checked whether or not they refer to the same elements in claim 19. Appropriate correction is required.

Double Patenting

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

3. Claims 1-15, 17-19 and 26-38 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-20 of U.S. Patent No. 6,728,101 B2 ('101). Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claims 2-12, 14-15 and 17-18 are identical with claims 2-14 and 16-17 of '101; claims 1, 13 and 19 are covered by claims 1, 6 and 15 of '101.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1-10, 15, 17-18 and 41-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bachman et al. (US 5,923,531).

Bachman teaches a card support assembly comprising: at least one support member (18, fig. 1), a plurality of printed heat generating circuit cards (40, fig. 1) coupled to the support member (fig. 1), extending non-parallel from the support member and arranged end-to-end (fig. 6), the plurality of cards, collectively, having a front edge (shown in fig. 1) and a rear edge (shown in fig. 6), at least one flow control member (24)

being substantially imperforate (fig. 1), wherein the plurality of cards includes a first card (fig. 1) having a first edge (lower edge) proximate the at least one support member and a second opposite edge (upper edge), and wherein the at least one flow control member has a lower surface opposite the second edge (claim 1); wherein the flow control member is coupled to the at least one support member (claim 2); wherein the cards comprise memory cards (see col. 5, lines 64-65) (claim 3); wherein the at least one flow control member comprises a single continuous flow control member and is integrally formed as a single unitary body (shown in fig. 1) (claims 4 and 5); wherein the first card (40, fig. 6) providing the front edge (not numbered) and the plurality of cards includes a second card (another 40, fig. 6) providing the rear edge (not numbered) (claim 6); wherein the plurality of cards includes a plurality of transversely spaced cards (shown in fig. 1) (claim 7); wherein the at least one flow control member is substantially imperforate in a transverse direction (shown in fig. 1) (claim 8); wherein the at least one flow control member has a substantially uniform thickness and includes deformed sheet metal (see col. 5, lines 7-10; sheet metal is well known as with uniform thickness) (claims 9 and 10); a gas flow source (94, fig. 9) proximate the front edge, wherein the at least one flow control member extends at least substantially proximate to the gas flow source (shown in fig. 9) (claim 15); wherein the at least one support member includes at least one printed circuit board (18, fig. 1; also see col. 5, lines 25-26) (claim 17); wherein the plurality of printed circuit cards that generate heat are removably coupled to the support member (see col. 5, lines 60-67) (claim 18); and a method of assembling a card support being disclosed in the specification (claims 41-42).

Bachman fails to indicate the space between the lower surface of the at least one flow control member and the second edge of the first card being less than 10 mm. It would have been an obvious matter to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to set the space between the lower surface of the at least one flow control member and the second edge of the first card being less than 10 mm for less cooling air leakage, since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the size of a component. A mere change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. MPEP §2144.04, IV A.

6. Claims 19, 22, 24, 26-33 and 38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bachman et al.

Bachman teaches a computing device comprising: a first circuit board (14, fig. 1), a second circuit board (18, fig. 1) connected to the first circuit board, a plurality of printed heat generating circuit cards (40, fig. 1) directly coupled to the second circuit board (fig. 1) and extending non-parallel from the second circuit board, the plurality of cards including first and second cards arranged in an end-to-end relationship or a staggered relationship (see fig. 6), wherein the plurality of cards, collectively, having a front edge (shown in fig. 1) longitudinally spaced from a rear edge (shown in fig. 6), and at least one flow control member (24) facing the second circuit board with the cards between the second circuit board and the at least one flow control member (fig. 1), wherein the at least one flow control member is substantially imperforate from the front edge to the rear edge (fig. 1), wherein the first card having a first edge proximate the

second circuit board and the plurality of cards further includes a second opposite edge, and wherein the at least one flow control member has a lower surface opposite the second edge (claim 19); a processor (20, fig. 1) connected to the first circuit board (claims 22 and 24); wherein the cards comprise memory cards configured to store data (40, fig. 1) (claim 26); wherein the at least one flow control member comprises a single continuous flow control member (shown in fig. 1) (claim 27); wherein the flow control member is integrally formed as a single unitary body (shown in fig. 1) (claim 28); wherein the first card providing the front edge (left in fig. 6 being assumed) and the second card providing the rear edge (right in fig. 6 being assumed) (claim 29); wherein the plurality of cards includes a plurality of transversely spaced cards (shown in fig. 1) (claim 30); wherein the at least one flow control member is substantially imperforate in a transverse direction (shown in fig. 1) (claim 31); wherein the at least one flow control member has a substantially uniform thickness (shown in fig. 1) and wherein the at least one flow control member includes deformed sheet metal (see col. 7, line 28; sheet metal is well known as with uniform thickness) (claims 32 and 33); and a gas flow source (94, fig. 9) proximate the front edge, wherein the at least one flow control member extends at least substantially proximate to the gas flow source (shown in fig. 9) (claim 38).

Bachman fails to indicate the space between the lower surface of the at least one flow control member and the second edge of the first card being less than 10 mm. It would have been an obvious matter to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to set the space between the lower surface of the at least one flow control member and the second edge of the first card being less than 10 mm for less

cooling air leakage, since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the size of a component. A mere change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. MPEP §2144.04, IV A.

7. Claims 20-21, 23, 25 and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bachman et al. in view of Marconi et al. (US 5,991,163).

Bachman discloses the claimed invention except an I/O board releasably connected to the first circuit board and being supporting a plurality of I/O cards, and a power supply connected to the first circuit board.

Marconi teaches an I/O board (F, fig. 1C) of a computing system, supporting a plurality of I/O cards (C1, fig. 1C) and power supply connections (E, fig. 1C) connected to the I/O board.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Bachman with the I/O board and power supply taught by Marconi for indicating the connections of an I/O board and a power supply, since both I/O board and power supply are obvious features of a computing system, and more specifically, a processing unit.

Allowable Subject Matter

8. Claims 52-53 are allowed.

9. Claims 11-14, 34-37 and 43-51 objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

10. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The best prior art of record, Bachman et al. (US 5,923,531), Baik (6,466,448 B1), and Marconi et al. (US 5,991,163), taken alone or in combination, fails to teach or reasonably suggest a card support assembly for a computing device, comprising: a shock absorber coupled to at least one flow control member facing at least one support member with a plurality of printed heat generating circuit cards between the least one flow control member and the at least one support member, and extending into engagement with at least a portion of a second edge of a card of the plurality of printed heat generating circuit cards as set forth in claims 11 and 34; and a rigid spacer coupled to the least one flow control member, and extending between a first face of a first card of the plurality of printed heat generating circuit cards and a second face of a second card of the plurality of printed heat generating circuit cards as set forth in claims 13, 36 and 52. Claims 12 and 46-47, 14 and 43-45, 35 and 51, 37 and 48-50, and 53 are dependent claims from claims 11, 13, 34, 36, and 52, respectively.

Response to Arguments

11. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-15, 17-38 and 40-42 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

12. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action.. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Correspondence

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yean-Hsi Chang whose telephone number is (571) 272-2038. The examiner can normally be reached on 07:30 - 16:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Art Unit phone number is (571) 272-2800, ext. 35. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 305-3431 for regular communications and for After Final communications. There are RightFax numbers and provide the fax sender with an auto-reply fax verifying receipt by the USPTO: Before-Final (703-872-9318) and After-Final (703-872-9319).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-8558.

Yean-Hsi Chang
Primary Examiner
Art Unit: 2835
February 1, 2005

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Yean-Hsi Chang".